COVID-19 India Perspective 6.0

Leading the new reality

With focus on how to restructure cost, and manage cash & liquidity

Version: 6 June 2020

COVID-19 India Perspective 6.0

Objectives of this document

COVID-19 is a global societal crisis

We at BCG believe that the COVID-19 outbreak is first and foremost a societal crisis, threatening lives and the wellbeing of our global community. Society now, more than ever, needs to collaborate to protect people's lives and health, manage mid-term implications and search for lasting solutions.

The new reality is here – imperative for business leaders to plan the way forward

As the economy starts to open up, the new reality is unraveling across dimensions, impacting the way businesses function. Challenges and uncertainties expected to persist in recent future. Important for businesses to pro-actively plan for the new reality and emerge stronger from the crisis. This document intends to provide a thinking framework on how to transform costs, and manage cash & liquidity in light of the COVID-19 crisis. Additionally, we have also outlined 5 key priorities for business leaders to lead in the new reality.

Executive Summary | COVID-19 BCG India Perspective 6.0

As businesses re-start their operations, revenue & earnings are expected to take a hit; it is imperative to focus on cash and re-structuring costs

- India witnessed one of its worst downturns in the 2008-09 recession however, 18% companies improved both revenue & EBIT margin
 - Around 75% of these companies undertook quick cost take-out actions in immediate next year of crisis, without impacting revenue
- In the current crisis, the new reality has started to unravel across dimensions costs expected to increase due to new safety protocols and labor shortage
- Sales across sectors expected to take a hit this year, which will overburden the impact on operating margins & liquidity positions of most companies
- Important for businesses to take pro-active action in the current crisis & drive financial resilience through 2 key elements while re-starting operations

Manage cash & liquidity

- Build centralized cash office for active cash governance
- Setup rolling cash forecasting dashboard to generate transparency
- Support key channel partner liquidity to ensure smooth operations

Way forward: Leading the new reality

Drive cost transformation

- Re-think cost structure in line with new reality, new operating model
- Drive quick actions across all major costs, esp. discretionary costs
- Streamline costs based on dynamic modelling of supply chain network
- COVID-19 has had a massive impact on the economy over the last 2-3 months; and while the economy is opening up now, uncertainty prevails
- To navigate through the crisis & emerge stronger, it is imperative that leaders guide the way forward along 5 key dimensions:
 - (1) Demand 'Lighthouse' to assess market trends & re-build value proposition, (2) Supply chain cockpit to proactively monitor & control supply chain;
 - (3) Cost transformation in line with the new operating model, (4) Digital operating model, (5) Leadership in the new reality

Taking an integrated perspective on health/medical progression, governmental responses, societal reactions, and economic implications to understand business/sector impacts



Thinking multi-timescale in a Flatten-Fight-Future logic



Update on COVID-19 situation

Indicators across the COVID-19 chain of effect -Epidemiological, Public Policy, Social and Economical

Guide for leaders: Re-structuring cost and managing cash & liquidity

Need for performance transformation across companies

How to restructure cost, and manage cash and liquidity

Way forward

Leading the new reality

COVID-19: ~44% reported recoveries¹ globally so far; case-doubling rate improves to 40 days

As of 3 Jun 2020



Note: Continued cases and fatalities are subject to different testing, propensity, reporting standards and hence are imperfect measures 1. Refers to total reported recoveries as a percentage of total reported infections (cases), 2. No. of doubling days based on 7-day CAGR 3. Basis Johns Hopkins CSSE; 4. Daily growth rate basis 7-day CAGR; 5. Community transmission defined basis WHO - Countries experiencing larger outbreaks of local transmission on basis of decided factors Source: Johns Hopkins CSSE, Our world in data, WHO situation reports, BCG analysis

PANDEMIC PROGRESSION -

GLOBAL

Countries witnessing an improvement in doubling rate are moving into the <u>restart mode through easing of lockdown measures</u>

PANDEMIC PROGRESSION -GLOBAL

As of 3 Jun 2020



1.No. of doubling days based on 7 day CAGR

Notes: Lockdown definition varies across countries; date when non-essential businesses were ordered to shut down. Easing of lockdown is subject to certain restrictions in the countries; Source: Oxford COVID-19 Government Response Tracker, World Economic Forum, Our World in Data, John Hopkins CSSE, Worldometers for France data; Press search, BCG Analysis

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COVID-19 in India has crossed ~207k cases with doubling rate of 15 days

PANDEMIC PROGRESSION -INDIA



Key Indicators: COVID-19 India (I/II)

INDICATOR DASHBOARD – INDIA

	Epidemio	logical Indi	cators	
207 # of ca As of 3	ases # of	100k f recoveries As of 3 Jun		8k talities 3 Jun
		5 May	24 May	3 Jun
# of days doubling	ofcases	11	13	15
# of tests/	' million	1,004	2,394	3,119
# of states cases	s with 1000+	11	16	19
	Public P	olicy Meas	ures	$\overline{}$
ockdowns		Mar: 4 I Iown 1.0 Lockd 20 Apr: Lockdown 2.0	18 May:	1 Jun: ckdown 5.0 4.0
Conomic Stimulus INR 20 Tn	17 Ap RBI INR 8 • 26 Mar: PMGKY INR 1.9 Tn	Tranche Tn INR 3.1 13 May: Tranche 1	e 2 Tranc	he 4

Soci (% change vs	al Indica 5. Pre-CO			ne)	
• A	QI Tren	d –			
Index (Baseline: 2019) (As at 10 AM IST)		1 Ma	ıy 16	6 May	3 June
Delhi		-42%	<i></i> о -	19%	-68%
Bangalore		-36%	6 -	15%	-64%
Mumbai		-8%		62%	-48%
Chennai		-38%	б -	59%	-62%
• Mot	oility Tre	ends	; —		•
PICLIENT PI	re-COVID				
<u>% visits</u>	(Jan)	1 M	ay 1	6 May	25 May
Retail & Recreation		-859	%	-77%	-71%
Workplaces		-64	%	-41%	-51%
Transit Stations	-	-65	%	-52%	-51%
• Med	ia Indic	ator	s —		
	Pre-COV (Jan)	ID 1	. May	8 Ma	y 22 May
Avg. daily smart					
phone consumption (mins)	202		16%	14%	10%
Avg. daily TV (mins)	226		20%	23%	7%
<pre># of app downloads(Mn)</pre>	3.8		60%	61%	54%

	nic Inc (YoY, %)		ors		
• Indust	trial A	ctivit	:у -		
	Jan	M	ar	Apr	May
Power consumption	3%	-9	%	-24%	-15%
PMI – Mfg.	3%	-2	%	-47%	-42%
PMI – Services	6%	-5	%	-89%	N/A
• Trade/Log	ictics	India	ote	rc -	
Trade/Log					Maria
	Ja		lar ov	Apr	May
Imports	-1		9%	-59%	N/A. N/A
Exports Railway Freight Traffic	2		5% 4%	-60% -35%	N/A
FASTag (volume)	279		4%. .6%	-61%	100%
	27.	<u> 70</u> Z	.070	01/0	10070
• Financial A	ctivity	y Ind ⁱ	icat	ors -	
• Financial A	l <mark>ctivit</mark> y Jai		icat Iar	ors - Apr	Мау
Bank Deposits		n N			May 11%
Bank Deposits Bank Credit	Ja 119 89	n N % 8	lar	Apr	· · ·
Bank Deposits	Ja 119 89	n N % 8 6 6	lar %	Apr 10%	11% 7% N/A
Bank Deposits Bank Credit	Ja 119 89	n N % 8 % 6 % 24	lar % %	Apr 10% 7%	11% 7%
Bank Deposits Bank Credit Retail Transactions (vol.) - Digital	Ja 11 89) 59 75	n N % 8 % 6 % 24 % 30	lar % % 4%	Apr 10% 7% 7% 25%	11% 7% N/A
Bank Deposits Bank Credit Retail Transactions (vol.)	Ja 11 89) 59 75	n N % 8 % 6 % 24 % 30	lar % % 4%	Apr 10% 7% 7% 25%	11% 7% N/A
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Bank Deposits Bank Credit Retail Transactions (vol.) - Digital	Ja 11 89) 59 75	n N % 8 % 6 % 24 % 30	lar % % 4% 5% cato	Apr 10% 7% 25%	11% 7% N/A N/A
Bank Deposits Bank Credit Retail Transactions (vol.) - Digital Inflation/I Consumer Price Index	Ja 114 8% 599 750 Price	n N % 8 % 6 % 2 % 30	lar % 4% 5% :ato Jan 7.6%	Apr 10% 7% 25% rs -	11% 7% N/A N/A Mar
Bank Deposits Bank Credit Retail Transactions (vol.) - Digital Inflation/I Consumer Price Index Foreign Inve	Ja 114 8% 599 750 Price	n N % 8 % 6 % 2 % 30	lar % 4% 5% :ato Jan 7.6% dica	Apr 10% 7% 25% rs -	11% 7% N/A N/A Mar

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Source: MoHFW, MHA; covid19india.org, State govt. COVID releases, RBI, Press information bureau, CPCB, Google mobility reports, Nielsen, POSOCO, Ministry of Railways, NPCI, CMIE, Bloomberg; Press reports; BCG analysis

Key Indicators: COVID-19 India (II/II)

INDICATOR DASHBOARD – INDIA

Market Se	entiment I ge vs. 1 Fe		
(% 6.114)	Pre- COVID ¹	Lowest ²	3 Jun
👌 Pharma	-2.3%	-19.7%	23.1%
🕍 FMCG	-3.9%	-23.2%	-2.2%
🛉 Energy	-5.3%	-31.7%	-6.3%
<u> Infra</u>	-4.8%	-33.2%	-7.4%
💻 it	-5.7%	-31.3%	-11.8%
Commodities	-4.6%	-34.4%	-12.3%
🌌 Nifty	-4.6%	-34.7%	-13.7%
🐼 Auto	-9.8%	-42.7%	-17.5%
Services	-4.1%	-36.8%	-20.2%
📥 Metal	-7.0%	-39.7%	-21.3%
Financial services	-3.3%	-39.7%	-24.5%
💎 Media	-7.6%	-43.8%	-27.8%
🟛 Bank Nifty	-5.0%	-43.3%	-29.8%
🜵 Realty	-8.1%	-46.8%	-34.2%

Sector Impact Indicators (YoY, %)				
Sectors	Jan	Mar	Apr	May ⁵
Pharma sales (India)	7.9%	8.9%	-16%	-5%
Automotive sales (Domestic)			-OR	DISTR
- Passenger	-6.2%	-51.0%	-100%	N/A
- Commercial	-14.0%	-88.1%	-100%	N/A
- 2 Wheeler	-16.1%	-39.8%	-100%	N/A
- 3 Wheeler	12.7%	-58.3%	-100%	N/A
Oil & Gas consumption	0.1%	-17.8%	-70.0%	N/A
Cement production	5.1%	-24.7%	-86.0%	N/A
Steel consumption	4.7%	-23.2%	-90.9%	N/A
Chemical production	6.3%	4.3%	-11.7%	N/A
Insurance				
- Life (No. of lives covered)	39.1%	-17.8%	-51.5%	N/A
- Non Life (Gross direct premium underwritten)	7.2%	-8.6%	-10.6%	N/A

India GDP forecast revisions (FY21) (YoY, %)					
Analyst	Latest release	Pre- COVID ³	Interim ⁴	Latest	
Bank of America	1 Jun	4.1%	0.5%	-2.0%	
Barclays	1 Jun	5.2%	0.8%	-3.2%	
Moody's	1 Jun	5.5%	0.0%	-4.0%	
Deutsche bank	30 May	4.5%	1.2%	-6.0%	
S&P Global	29 May	5.2%	3.5%	-5.0%	
Fitch Ratings	27 May	5.1%	0.8%	-5.0%	
State Bank of India	26 May	<6%	1.1%	-6.8%	
ICRA Rating	20 May	4.7%	-1.0%	-5.0%	
Goldman Sachs	18 May	3.3%	-0.4%	-5.0%	
DBS Bank	4 May	5.8%	1.5%	1.0%	
India Ratings	27 Apr	5.5%	3.6%	1.9%	
IMF	14 Apr	5.8%	N/A	1.9%	

1. Pre-COVID refers to the average of index value from 2-Feb to 22 Mar 2. Lowest refers to lowest index value between 23-Mar to 02-Jun 3. Pre-COVID: Forecast before 25-Mar; 4. Interim period is from 25-Mar to 14-Apr; 5. Based on provisional data for May 2020

Source: SIAM, AIOCD, PPAC,, CMA, Joint Plant Committee, American Chemistry Council (ACC), IRDA, Analyst reports; Bloomberg; Press reports; BCG analysis



Update on COVID-19 situation

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Guide for leaders: Re-structuring cost and managing cash & liquidity

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Way forward

Leading the new reality



action areas for business leaders



Note: RR&T = Rapid Response and Transformation Team Source: BCG

LEADING IN THE NEW REALITY Cost starting point is different across sectors – critical for organizations to recognize buckets of opportunities

Operating margin varying from Certain costs expected to rise due to safety SOPs, PPEs & shortage of labor 7%-34% across sectors FY19 distribution of costs as a %age of revenue¹ 90% 100% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% "... ~35% expected increase in operating costs Increase in for retailers due to new SOPs including social Retail Machinery **G**&A expenses distancing norms, token systems ..." Oil - MD, Leading Retailer Auto & Components Fashion & Luxury Chemicals **Consumer Durables** "... 20-25% increase in logistics costs due to Increase in Forest Products & Packaging distribution current shortage in truck drivers ..." Healthcare Services - Leading Logistics Player Telecom costs **Building Materials** Consumer Non-durables Biopharma "Reverse migration will create shortage of trained Metals & Mining Increase in labor, increase the labor costs and impact Tech & Services manufacturing **Transportation & Logistics** operating efficiencies in the medium term." Aerospace & Defense costs - CEO, Leading FMCG brand **Energy & Utilities** Media & Publishing Medical Technology **Need to drive quick cost take-out based on current cost** 📃 G&A Expenses 📃 Operating Margin Material Cost Manu./Operations Expenses structure & expected increase in costs Power & Fuel Cost Selling and Distribution Expenses Overhead Cost

1. FY19 figures for top 1000 Indian public companies based on market cap.; Aggregated cost & revenue for the sector based on weighted average of revenues for constituent companies Source: S&P Capital IQ, Ace Equity, Press search, BCG analysis

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CASH & COST MANAGEMENT

STARTING POSITION

Indirect costs have risen by ~6pp in past 5 years, driven primarily by Banks and Oil & Gas sectors



1. Analysis conducted on top 1000 public Indian companies as per market capitalization; Indirect costs include all expenses above EBITDA other than direct material costs; Source: S&P Capital IQ, Ace Equity; BCG analysis

CASH & COST MANAGEMENT

STARTING POSITION

Operating margins expected to decline varyingly across sectors; Many companies in select sectors could come under liquidity stress



Disclaimer: The situation surrounding COVID-19 is dynamic and rapidly evolving. As with any attempts to model dynamic systems, modelling presented in these materials should not and cannot be relied upon as the sole driver for decision-making, it is a single piece in what must be a complex and multi-faceted process for reaching a final decision on these critical topics. These materials do not: (i) constitute medical, legal or safety advice, and is not a substitute for the same; nor (ii) should be seen as formal endorsement or recommendation of a particular decision. The provider of this modelling and output, together with contributors into the model, assume no liability with regard to the use of, or decisions arising from the use of the model and its output.

Methodology: (1) Scenarios: Analysis done based on sector-wise expected output growth / decline % scenarios for FY21, which are as follows: Auto OEM (-9 to -28%), Fashion & lifestyle (0 to -25%), Cement (-8 to -20%), FMCG (5 to -10%), Steel (-10 to -22%), Consumer durables & bazaar (0 to -25%), Chemicals (2 to -7%), Pharmaceuticals (8 to 2%), IT services (2 to -7%); (2) Operating margin: Operating margins calculated for each sector by taking weighted average of company-wise operating margin, weighted by revenue; (3) Liquidity crunch: Cash flow pressure test on LTM Dec' 19 financials, extrapolated to June '20 for each output growth scenario; Liquidity crunch = Final cash position (+ve or -ve) post mandatory obligations (fixed costs, interest expense, capex) Assumptions: Cost of Revenue declines with revenue; SGA, R&D, D&A, Interest Expense, Other Operating Expenses, Capex, change in working capital remains constant and extrapolated pro rata basis; No dividend, debt repayments assumed

CASH & COST MANAGEMENT

EXPECTED IMPACT

18% of top 1000 public companies¹ in India improved both sales growth and margin during the 2008-09 Global Financial Crisis



1. Indian public companies with Market Cap > \$10M, excluding Banks, Insurance, Asset Management companies Note: Based on revenue growth & EBIT Margin growth (from FY'09 to FY'12) compared to three-year pre-downturn baseline (from FY'06 to FY'09) Source: S&P Capital IQ Financial Statements, BCG analysis **IFARNINGS FROM**

PAST CRISIS

A ~75% of the category A companies improved their cost structure in FY10 compared to FY09 across sectors

Change (in percentage points) in total cost as a % of revenue for Category A companies in FY10 compared to FY09



1. Only the category A companies within each sector have been considered for the analysis; Category A refers to the top 18% companies among the top ~1000 public Indian companies (as per market cap) that improved both revenue growth and EBIT margin growth post the 2008 crisis; Sectors with 3 or less companies in Category A not represented in above analysis Source: S&P Capital IQ, Ace Equity; BCG analysis

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IFARNINGS FROM

PAST CRISIS

Most category A companies took a 360° view across cost heads

21%

 \mathbf{A}

4111

Z

Noo

Building

Materials

of category A FY10 YoY **Operating &** Selling & companies revenue growth¹ **G & A** Distribution **Raw Material** Personnel Mfg. Consumer 32% 86% 57% 43% 71% 71% **D**urables 9 Metals 24% 44% 56% 78% 89% 44% 5 Pharma 19% 60% 80% 80% 40% 20% Chemicals 22 11% 68% 41% 45% 50% 45% Consumer 13% 15 47% 40% 53% 60% 87% Non-Durables 61% 31% 73% 70% 55% 52% 33 Automotive Fashion & 61% 50% 15% 33% 67% 83% 18 Lifestyle

% of category A companies that reduced cost as % of revenue in FY10 vs. FY09¹

50%

1. Only the category A companies within each sector have been considered for the analysis; Category A refers to the top 18% companies among the top ~1000 public Indian companies (as per 16 market cap) that improved both revenue growth and EBIT margin growth post the 2008 crisis; Sectors with 3 or less companies in Category A not represented in above analysis Source: S&P Capital IQ, Ace Equity; BCG analysis

0%

50%

LEARNINGS FROM PAST CRISIS

100%

75%

2 key elements to drive financial resilience as companies re-start their business operations



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Manage cash & liquidity

Build centralized cash office Generate transparency through pro-active forecasting



Drive cost transformation

Re-think cost structure in line with new reality Drive pro-active cost actions

5 key actions for cash & liquidity management

CASH & LIQUIDITY MANAGEMENT

Introduce	Generate	Build liquidity	Define rules for	Secure
cash office	transparency	scenarios	discretionary spend	financing
Set up centralized cash management office for active cash governance & transparency in the near & medium term Establish 13-week rolling cash flow model Improve cash controls and processes	 Build comprehensive list of levers to improve cash availability through: Mapping suppliers and clients ("cash impact") Identifying total cash available vs. trapped Analyze variances actual vs. forecast 	Set up a cash flow forecast process Identify minimum cash buffer , based on history and peak levels Create upside & downside scenarios against base cash model	<text><text><text></text></text></text>	<section-header><text><text></text></text></section-header>

Centralized cash management office critical for active cash governance & transparency

Illustration: Leading Indian consumer goods player actively running cash management office

Team structure	Governance & Operation
Governance body / Strategy Arm Members CEO CEO CFO Procurement head	 Governance Daily review cadence for activity progress Weekly review of progress on longer term objectives
 Responsibility Prepare cash forecasts based on scenario modelling Track & measure impact Govern approval and release of cash Plan focal points of cash management 	 Operation Build forecasts: 12 week rolling forecast of cashflow projections based on scenario planning Outflow control: Prepare guidelines to create priority of payments to ensure smooth running of business operations
Core working team / Implementation team	Inflow management: Rigorous PMO on collections to expedite & ensure transparency on collections
Members Dusiness heads	 Secure financing: Evaluate additional financing options; negotiate current financing to meet requirements
 Responsibility Frame all potential improvement levers, manage pipeline Size and prioritize actions based on value, feasibility, and operational impact Drive implementation of aligned initiatives 	 Control Creation of immediate action plans to ride any cash gaps (E.g., Liquidation of slow moving inventory, strong push on collections, offering cash discounts,)

Working capital being managed through levers across five areas



Case Study | Indian apparel company managing working capital through active receivables & payables management

>

CASH & LIQUIDITY MANAGEMENT



Tight receivables collection strategy driven by sales force

Built **distributor-wise cash flow projections** basis scoring on outstanding amount, payment trend, location

Sales force given weekly & monthly collection targets

Incentives given for meeting weekly targets; additional incentives given for meeting 3 out of 4 weeks consistently

Daily cadence with cash management office for progress tracking

Score-based collection **strategy per distributor**



Payables managed through

Payments made **only to the extent of receivables collected** in Apr & May to ensure no net outflow of cash

Payables **prioritized** based on – criticality to business, immediate requirement for supplier, statutory dues, existing relationship with supplier

Payment of **wages**, salary portion of job workers, **critical transporters prioritized**; rest on hold / minimally paid

Impact

(>)

~116% of collections target met in Apr

May collections target met in 20 days

Along with protecting own liquidity, companies are supporting key channel partners to ensure smooth operations

CASH & LIQUIDITY MANAGEMENT

Strategy to be re-calibrated depending on starting position of company & channel partner

Company liquidity position



Example | Large Auto OEM Infused INR 900 Cr liquidity through loans to dealers to overcome short term liquidity

Example | Leading tiles player Provided channel financing to ~250 dealers (covering 75% sales) at 12% interest rate

Channel finance limit fixed at 1-2 month sale value; company has provided channel finance guarantee to bank

Govt. Monetary Relief measures could also impact channel partners

	Schemes	INR cr	Description
U	Special liquidity scheme	45,000	 Short term debt of NBFCs acquired through issue of securities Securities will be fully guaranteed by GOI
NBF	Partial credit guarantee scheme	30,000	 Existing PCGS scheme to be extended to cover borrowings; primary issuance of Bonds/CPs First 20% of loss will be borne by the GOI
	Collateral-free automatic loan	300,000	 100% credit guarantee cover to Banks/NBFCs No guarantee fee, no fresh collateral 45 lakh units can resume business activity
MSME	Subordinate debt for stressed MSMEs	20,000	 2 lakh MSMEs are likely to benefit Functioning MSMEs which are NPA/stressed will be eligible
	Equity for MSMEs	50,000	 Will encourage MSMEs to get listed on main board of Stock Exchanges

Source: Expert interviews, Press search, BCG analysis

3 key actions to drive fundamental **cost transformation**

Reduce non-personnel costs

Direct Costs:

• Rigorously review and renegotiate all key procurement contracts

G&A Costs:

• Tackle G&A cost buckets for savings (e.g., Establishment cost, IT cost, Travel, Office services)

Selling & Distribution costs:

- Bring down budgets and retain lower in-crisis spend
- Optimize consumption/behavior patterns (zero-based mindset)

Establish **cost conscious culture** with clear horizontal cost-ownership

Streamline personnel costs

Identify and pursue **valuable and business-critical** activities

Determine and stop investing in **non**essential tasks

Make use of **governmental programs** and special legislations

Establish appropriate **workforce flexibility** to ramp up/down

Adjust FTEs using HR instruments

Drive efficiency in operations

Optimize number of operational units (e.g. manufacturing locations, warehouses)

Reduce **non-essential factor cost** (e.g. overtime balances, leave, contractors)

Strike **insourcing vs. outsourcing** balance (per industry and function)

Drive **benchmark cost per FTE** compared with industry standard

Direct Cost | Metals & Mining major – Linking supplier payouts to commodity exchange in order to variable-ize fixed costs



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COST MANAGEMENT NON-PERSONNEL

COST

Establishment Cost | Companies leveraging WFH to cut down on Rent, Office space while restarting operations

COST MANAGEMENT NON-PERSONNEL COST

Do we need office premises for all functions?
Incorporating work from home for functions like Customer support,

Immediate Measures – Rapid Cost Cutting

- Tech support, Analytics etc.
- Reducing office space capacity in line with the benefit from work-fromhome policy

Medium Term Measures

- Have we taken advantage of higher supply in market?
 - Price re-negotiation basis current market availability of commercial property
 - Pushing for long term agreements at cheaper rates



Is there potential to optimize space?

- **Centralization of offices** to single location, where feasible
- Redesign layout to optimize space, keeping in mind safety SOPs

Example | Mid-sized apparel company Deferred / staggered

rent payments for warehouses, facilities till lockdown ends

Example | Leading Mining player

- Moved all senior executives and shared services from HQ to the plant
- Skeletal team operating from outside city

Example | Mid-sized NBFC

Exploring closures of branches which were new and did not reach critical mass, with transfer of staff to adjoining branches

Example | Mid-sized BPO

- Shutdown 2 facilities constituting ~30% of total workforce seating capacity
- Planning long-term permanent WFH for 10-15% staff based on accounts which allow WFH models

Example | Leading building material supplier

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Identified 10-20% savings by right-sizing warehouses, renegotiating rents, reviewing overheads across warehouses, offices

Selling & Distribution Cost | Companies consolidating marketing spends, investing in right promotions, sharing logistics costs

COST MANAGEMENT NON-PERSONNEL COST

Immediate Measures – Rapid Cost Cutting

Do I spend the same on marketing for all my customers?

- Demand management through segmentation based sampling for a pharma company
- Re-alignment of spend for non-target customers

Am I investing in the right promotions?

- ROI analysis for all promotions and events to align with market opportunities
- Zero based planning for promotional budget

Medium Term Measures



Why deal with so many vendors for promos?

- Consolidation of Ad & Design Agencies
- Aggregators for long tail categories; in-house artwork



Example | FMCG & Retail companies

- Collaborating sharing of vehicles, personnel to minimize logistic premiums
 - Synchronizing return loads
 - Borrowing capacity from non-essential industries

Example | Indian FMCG Company Tele-orders & internal physical visits to reduce

- Tele-orders & internal order app actively leveraged for demand capture instead of physical visits to reduce sales expenses
- Increased order size, decreased distribution frequency to a week/fortnight to reduce sales & distribution costs

Example | Leading Elec. & Consumer Durable Player

- Optimizing service architecture by merging divisions and reducing number of salesmen visiting per store from 6 to 4
- Divisions with common customer base and serviceability to be merged



Example | Mid-sized apparel company

- Renegotiated marketing / media agency spends with one-time discounts for May-June period
- Deferring payments to Brand Ambassador



IT Cost Companies maximizing IT value & efficiency while minimizing cash outflow



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6 point action plan to re-structure cost, and manage cash & liquidity





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Most businesses shut for 8-12% of FY21¹

- ~70% of economic activity came to a standstill in Apr²
- Businesses gradually re-opened in May in permitted areas



- Biggest hit to non-essential sectors
 - Zero domestic sales in auto in Apr
 - ~90% YoY drop in steel, 46% for fuel
- Even essential sectors like Pharma saw 16% YoY decline in sales in Apr



Migrant labor reverse migration

- ~40 mn internal migrants impacted⁴
- 5.7mn+ migrant workers have travelled home by 'Shramik Special' trains⁵
- Shortage of labor being experienced as businesses restart operations

JSE ONLY; NOTFO

Supply chain disruption

- ~60% decline in imports & exports in Apr⁶
- Intra-state & inter-state restrictions in Apr & May led to supply chain disruptions
- Increase in logistics cost: truck tariffs up by ~80%; emergency surcharge of 25%⁷



Customer sentiment extremely low⁸

- 85%+ customers fear economic recession
- ~65% in lower income skeptical about future income vs. ~40% in higher income



GDP forecasts spiraling downwards

- 5-7% YoY contraction in FY21 GDP estimated by global analyst reports⁹
- 6-18% expected loss in GSDP across states in FY21¹⁰

1. Based on MHA lockdown guidelines for industry restrictions; 2. Based on estimates by Economic Times, 13-Apr; 3. Based on data published for select sectors; 4. Based on World Bank estimates; 5. As of 2-Jun, as published by PIB; 6. 60% YoY decline in exports, 59% YoY decline in imports; 7. As of 14-Apr, Economic Times; 8. Based on BCG Consumer Sentiment Survey Wave 4 (May 18-23) 9. Based on latest analyst reports; 10. Based on SBI estimates – GDSP=Gross State Domestic Product; Source: Industry reports; Press search, BCG analysis

Economy is re-opening, however businesses will continue to face challenges



- Cases still growing at a fast pace in key commercial hubs
 - 53% cases in top 10 cities¹
- Limited visibility on a sustainable cure yet
 - ~139 trials for vaccine in pre-clinical stage & beyond²
 - **12-36 months** for approval & scale-up³ expected
- Risk of lockdown getting reinstated if spread continues



- Expected length & depth of demand hit unclear
 - ~60% of household spend at risk in next 6 months⁴
- Significant cutbacks likely on discretionary items, high income groups more resilient⁴
- Shifts in preferences observed in lockdown – here to stay?
 - 15-40% rise in digital adoption across purchase, payments, media, learning & social⁴



- Uncertainty on credit availability to individuals & businesses
 - Reach to beneficiary still being streamlined
- Impact of economic stimulus measures to stimulate consumer demand unclear
- Lack of demand due to uncertainty in income and employment levels

1. Top 10 cities by population, data as of 3 Jun; 2. Ongoing trials including Phase 1 (first trial in humans), Phase 2, Phase 3, Phase 4; 3. 12 month development "best case", then likely to require time to scale across population; 4. Based on BCG Consumer Sentiment Survey Wave 4 (May 18-23) Source: MoHFW, www.covid19india.org, John Hopkins University CSSE; Press search; BCG analysis As leaders, you will need to think across multiple dimensions to navigate through the crisis and emerge stronger



Demand 'Lighthouse' to enable demand sensing based on high frequency indicators to drive targeted actions ahead of competition across all fronts

Actively monitor micro & macro high frequency indicators for rapid demand sensing



Leverage market intelligence to **drive targeted actions** across customer value proposition, operating model, and supply chain

Supply Chain Cockpit to monitor & control supply chain at a centralized level to enable pro-active risk assessment, mitigation and planning



Digital Transformation key to adapt to the new reality

Leverage digital to adapt the operating model to cater to the changing customer preferences & streamline processes



Leadership in the new reality

1. Smart work

Drive smart work to create a competitive advantage

2. Physical and mental health

Ensure and sustain physical & mental health of employees

3. Flexible workforce

Prepare for the new business environment, which requires more flexibility and more dynamic planning

4. New paradigm for skills and talent Build, buy, and borrow talent and skills at scale

5. Leadership with head, heart, and hands Lead with empathy & direction, empower your people

6. Purpose-driven organization & culture Foster a resilient, purpose-driven culture prepared to meet the challenges of the new reality

7. Resilient & Bionic organization

Accelerate revolution of your operating model and create a bionic company to maximize potential

4 fundamental principles for leaders ...



Put people first





Empower others





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THE NEW

REALITY

BCG can support you in leading the new reality

BCG



Engage as a partner

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We will partner with you to navigate this crisis - ensuring a smooth restart, winning the fight and transforming to win the future

Plan for the 'new reality'

We will drive an assessment of the 'new reality', what it means for you and how can you quickly pivot to make the most of it

How can BCG help you?

Support on immediate priorities

We will work with you to deep-dive on critical priorities to layout a detailed action plan and drive it to swift action



Capitalize on emerging opportunities

We will work with you to scan for emerging new opportunities (M&A, diversification) to enable acting early



Bringing best-practices to you

We will bring in the latest learnings, trends and bestpractices from around the world **Further reading: Sense and shape the post-COVID era** *Key trends & indicators covered in previous editions*

COVID-19 impact in India across the chain of effect

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Please refer to our <u>4.0</u> and <u>5.0 editions</u> for further details

Impact on FY21 output across sectors



Please refer to our <u>5.0 edition</u> for further details

Global impact & recovery; global trade bloc shifts



Please refer to our 5.0 edition for further details

Understanding the consumer sentiment



Please refer to our <u>Consumer Sentiment Survey</u> for further details

Demand Sentinel – Micro-market level strategy



Please refer to our 5.0 edition for further details

Learnings from Indian and global players



Please refer to our <u>Learnings 2.0 document</u> for further details

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