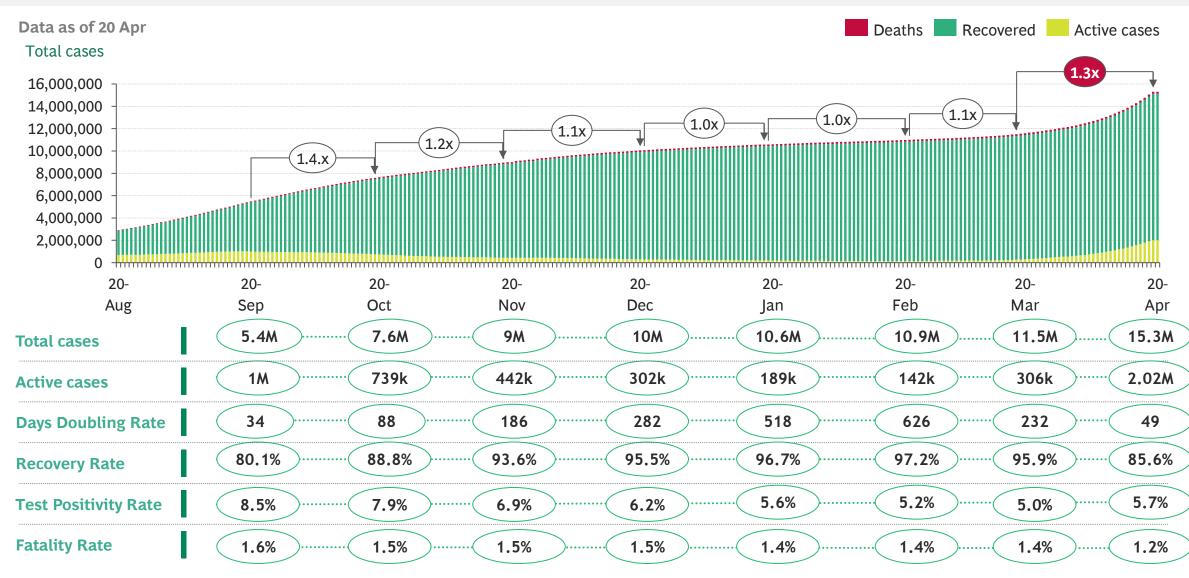
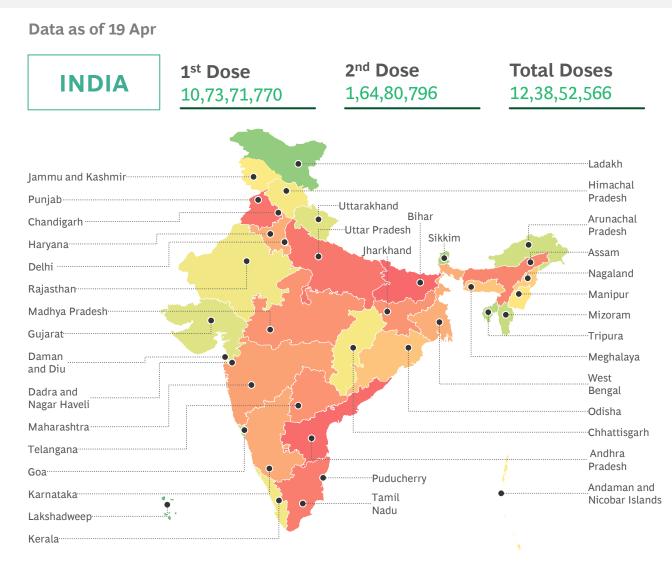
# India Economic Monitor April 2021 Update

# COVID-19 active cases in India on a rapid rise in Mar-Apr'21 with a drastic dip in days doubling rate in Apr'21



# India administered ~0.12 Bn doses of COVID-19 Vaccine till the 3<sup>rd</sup> week of Apr'21



Note: % Is calculated basis Count of 2<sup>nd</sup> Dose/state or UT population; Population of the state is basis 2011 census; Miscellaneous doses of ~2.8 Mn are not accounted for in the table Source: Ministry of Health & Family Welfare (MoHFW), MOSPI; BCG analysis

_		Beneficiaries vaccinated			
S. No.	State/UT	% of population vaccinated			
1	Lakshadweep	4.81%			
2	Ladakh	3.89%			
3	Sikkim	3.43%			
4	Tripura	3.17%			
5	Goa	3.17%			
6	Mizoram	2.89%			
7	Delhi	2.73%			
8	Arunachal Pradesh	2.69%			
9	Chandigarh	2.47%			
10	Gujarat	2.41%			
11	Uttarakhand	2.40%			
12	Rajasthan	2.08%			
13	Kerala	2.04%			
14	Chhattisgarh	1.99%			
15	Himachal Pradesh	1.99%			
16	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1.93%			
17	Daman & Diu	1.93%			
18	Jammu & Kashmir	1.88%			
19	A & N Islands	1.81%			
20	Manipur	1.76%			
21	Nagaland	1.54%			
22	Meghalaya	1.48%			
23	Odisha	1.47%			
24	West Bengal	1.28%			
25	Haryana	1.28%			
26	Karnataka	1.25%			
27	Maharashtra	1.17%			
28	Puducherry	1.12%			
29	Jharkhand	1.06%			
30	Madhya Pradesh	1.05%			
31	Telangana	1.05%			
32	Assam	0.94%			
33	Tamil Nadu	0.86%			
34	Uttar Pradesh	0.81%			
35	Punjab	0.77%			
36	Andhra Pradesh	0.71%			
37	Bihar	0.67%			

~1.3% of India's population fully vaccinated as on 3<sup>rd</sup> week of Apr 2021, higher than select G20 countries (South Korea, Japan, South Africa)

Data as of 19 Apr

# Select G20 countries

	Country	Doses administered (Mn)	% vaccinated (first dose)	% fully vaccinated
	United States	211.58	40%	26%
	U.K.	43.08	50%	15%
C*	Turkey	20.08	15%	9.50%
	Italy	15.56	18%	7.50%
	France	17.1	19%	6.80%
	Germany	22.38	20%	6.70%
	Brazil	33.76	12%	4.30%
	Russia	16.24	7.00%	4.30%
	Mexico	14.37	8.90%	3.10%
<b>₩</b>	Canada	10.24	25%	2.50%
	Indonesia	17.02	4.10%	2.30%
•	Argentina	6.33	12%	1.80%
<b>•</b>	India	127.13	8.10%	1.30%
	Japan	2.05	1.00%	0.60%
	South Africa	0.29	0.50%	0.50%
	South Korea	1.70	3.20%	0.10%

# **Executive Summary**

In the last month of FY 2021, select high frequency indicators improved vs. previous months while others started to plateau. Industrial activity (power & fuel consumption), merchandize trade & logistics (E-way bills, FASTag transactions & JNPT traffic) grew vs. previous months. Select sectors e.g., auto sales (except 3W) & insurance also saw an uptick vs. previous months. A stagnating trend was exhibited by various indicators in Feb-Mar'21 e.g., air freight traffic, count of Govt. tenders, consumer sentiment, pharma sales, cement & chemical production. GDP projections remained at 6-9% YoY contraction for FY20-21.

#### Trends across key economic indicators

- Industrial Activity: Both daily avg. power consumption & fuel consumption improved in Mar'21 vs. previous months; Index of Industrial Production continued to dip in Feb'21 vs. previous months
- Trade: Merchandize exports touched a record 34.5 USD Bn mark in Mar'21 & imports continued to remain on an upward trajectory vs. previous months; Services trade stabilized between Nov'20-Feb'21
- Logistics: E-way bills & FASTag transaction volumes continued to grow in Mar'21, attaining the highest value in FY'21 while rail freight traffic dipped in Feb'21; JNPT traffic improved significantly in Mar'21 vs. previous months; Air freight traffic remained steady between Jan-Feb'21
- Financial Services: Aggregate deposits & bank credit improved vs. previous months; YoY growth rate fell in the last week of Mar'21 vs. previous weeks; Value of UPI transactions hit the INR 5 Tn mark in 2021, achieving a new milestone
- Sector-wise Impact: PVs, 2W & tractor sales exceeded previous months' levels in Mar'21; Cement production plateaued between Dec-Feb'21; Fertilizer sales continued to decline in Mar'21 vs. previous months; Pharma sales remained steady; Both Life and Non-life insurance premium observed a significant uptick vs. previous month in Mar'21
- Macroeconomic Indicators: GST collections continued to grow, reaching the highest mark in FY'21; Count of Govt. tenders remained constant while value of tenders improved in Mar'21; Gross fiscal deficit widened vs. previous months in Feb'21
- Sentiment: Both rural & urban consumer sentiments improved in Mar'21 vs. Feb'21, rural sentiment remained better than urban sentiment; Both Manufacturing & Services PMI remained beyond the 50-point mark in Mar'21 (55.4 & 54.6 respectively), Manufacturing PMI exceeded the global manufacturing PMI levels; Mutual funds AUM stabilized between Nov'20-Mar'21

Source: MoHFW, POSOCO, MOSPI, Ministry of Commerce & Industry, RBI, GST Network, NPCI, NETC, Ministry of Railways, AAI, JNPT, AIOCD, mFMS, Joint Plant Committee, Ministry of Steel, Ministry of Commerce & Industry, SIAM, CMIE, IRDAI, Ministry of Finance, GST Council, Ministry of Rural Development, Analyst reports, BCG analysis

Summary: Mar'21 trends continued to show improvement across most of the indicators vs. Mar'20, with few indicators still at muted growth levels

2021

		•	2020	) —			2021	
Indicator	Unit	Mar	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Ма
Industrial Activity								
Power Consumption	MU	-10%	10%	4%	5%	5%	3%	22%
Petroleum Consumption	МТ	-18%	2%	-3%	-2%	-4%	-5%	18%
Index of Industrial Prod.	Index	-19%	5%	-2%	2%	-1%	-4%	NA
Trade								
Services Export	USD	1%	 -6%	-5%	-6%	-10%	-1%	NA
Services Import	USD	-2%	-12%	-12%	-8%	-16%	-4%	NA
Merchandize Export	USD	-35%	-5%	-9%	-1%	6%	1%	60%
Merchandize Import	USD	-29%	-12%	-13%	8%	2%	7%	54%
Logistics	Logistics							
E-Way Bills Generated	Mn	-26%	21%	8%	16%	10%	12%	75%
Railway Freight Originated	MT	-14%	15%	9%	9%	9%	5%	NA
JNPT Container Traffic	TEUs	-13%	5%	8%	10%	9%	11%	29%
Air Freight	kТ	-32%	-14%	-13%	-9%	-11%	-9%	NA
Air Passenger Traffic	Mn	-38%	-62%	-57%	-50%	-47%	-43%	NA
Rail Passengers Booked	Mn	-39%	-91%	-83%	-73%	-67%	-57%	-28%
Financial Services								
UPI Transactions	Mn	24%	102%	107%	105%	99%	91%	1459
Total Bank Credit	INR	6.1%	5.4%	5.8%	5.9%	6.3%	6.6%	6.09
Total Bank Deposits	INR	8.5%	10.3%	10.8%	11.3%	11.3%	11.9%	11.8

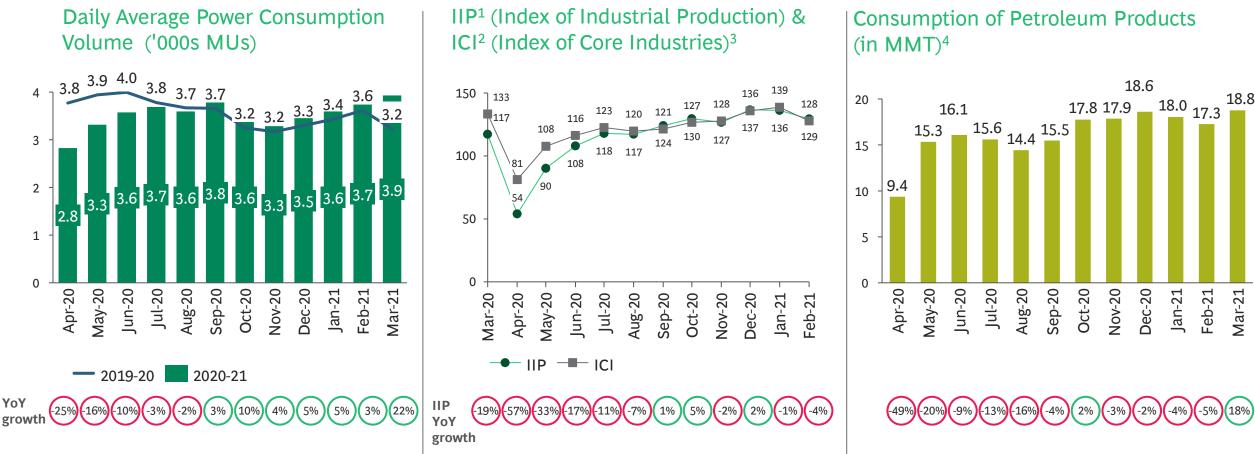
			• 2020 -		• •		- 2021			
	Indicator	Unit	Mar		Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
5 Sect	or-wise Impact5			-						
Cerr	nent Production	MT	-25%		3%	-7%	-7%	-6%	-6%	NA
Stee	el Sales	MT	-23%		1%	23%	18%	13%	14%	50%
Pass	senger Vehicle Sales	k	-50%		9%	-3%	7%	2%	3%	85%
Trac	ctor Sales	k	-50%		9%	48%	41%	48%	30%	170%
Two	-wheeler Sales	k	-36%		18%	13%	11%	10%	12%	71%
Fert	ilizer Sales	MT	45%		18%	2%	2%	4%	4%	-6%
Gros	ss Premium (Life)	INR	-32%		32%	-27%	-3%	4%	21%	71%
Gros	ss Premium (Non-Life)	INR	-11%		-0.4%	3%	12%	7%	14%	23%
Pha	rma. Sales	INR	9%		10%	1%	9%	5%	1.1%	10%
Che	mical Production Index	Index	-2%		3%	5%	5%	-5%	-4%	NA
6 Mac	roeconomic Indicators									
Tota	al GST Collection	INR	-8%		10%	1%	12%	8%	8%	27%
Cen	tral Govt. Expenditure	INR Tn	2.2		1.8	2.4	3.7	2.4	3.0	NA
MG	NREGA Jobs Demand	HHs	2%		89%	50%	56%	40%	29%	26%
MGI	NREGA Jobs Provided	HHs	-1%		83%	48%	47%	33%	22%	26%
No.	of Tenders Announced	k	-4%		201%	127%	253%	68%	54%	110%
FDI	Inflow	USD Bn	4.9		5.1	6.8	7.3	3.9	NA	NA
FII		USD Bn	-15.0		3.0	9.8	8.6	1.2	NA	NA
7 Sen	timent									
Indi	a VIX	Index	64.4		24.8	19.8	21.1	25.3	28.1	20.6
PMI	(Manufacturing)	Index	51.8		58.9	56.3	56.4	57.7	57.5	55.4
PMI	(Services)	Index	49.3		54.1	53.7	52.3	52.8	55.3	54.6

#### YoY growth represented for all indicators (except for India VIX, PMI, Central govt. expenditure, FDI, and FII where absolute values are represented)

Source: POSOCO, PPAC, MoSPI, RBI, Ministry of Comm. and Industry, GST Network, Ministry of Railways, JNPT, AAI, NPCI, JPC, Ministry of Steel, SIAM, CMIE, mFMS, IRDAI, AIOCD, American Chemistry Council, GST Council, Ministry of Finance, Controller General of Accounts, Ministry of Rural Development, Projects Today, Bloomberg, NSE, BSE, IHS Markit, BCG analysis

Both power & fuel consumption grew vs. previous months in Mar'21; IIP dipped vs. Oct'20-Jan'21 levels in Feb'21

# INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY



1. Index of Industrial Production (IIP) shows the growth rates in different industry groups (comprises of Mfg. (78% weightage), Mining (14%), Electricity (8%))

2. Index of Core Industries (ICI) measures performance of production in 8 core industries (Coal, Crude, NG, Refinery Products, Fertilizers, Steel, Cement & Electricity)

3. In view of the effect of the containment measures for COVID-19 pandemic, the indices for Apr-20 & May-20 are not comparable with preceding months

4. Petroleum products include LPG, Naphtha, MS, ATF, SKO, HSD, LDO, Lubricants & Greases, FO & LSHS, Bitumen, coke as reported (provisional) by Petroleum Planning & Analysis Cell Source: Power System Operation Corporation, Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, Dept. for Promotion of Industry & Internal Trade, PPAC, BCG analysis

Merchandize exports touched a record 34.5 USD Bn mark in Mar'21; Services trade was stagnant between Nov'20-Feb'21

# SERVICES



Services Trade (USD Bn)

Merchandize Trade (USD Bn)

2

YoY

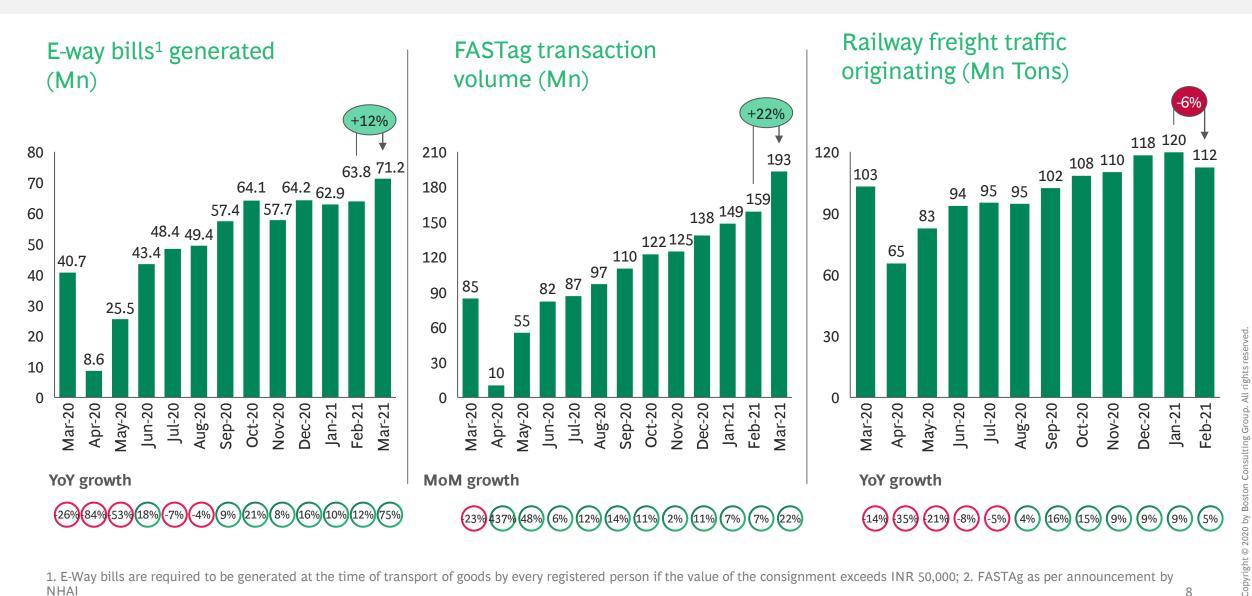
YoY

1. Mar'21 Merchandize Import & Export numbers, Feb'21 Service Import & Export numbers are provisional as provided by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry on 15th Apr'21 Source: RBI, Ministry of Commerce & Industry, BCG analysis

E-way bills & FASTag transaction volumes continued to grow in Mar'21; Rail freight traffic dipped in Feb'21 vs. Dec'20-Jan'21 levels

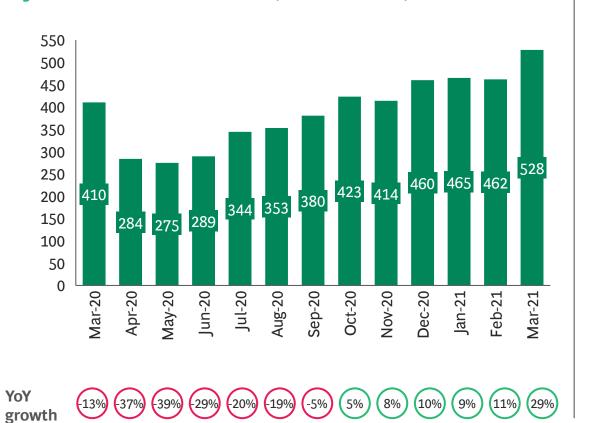
3

LOGISTICS



1. E-Way bills are required to be generated at the time of transport of goods by every registered person if the value of the consignment exceeds INR 50,000; 2. FASTAg as per announcement by NHAI

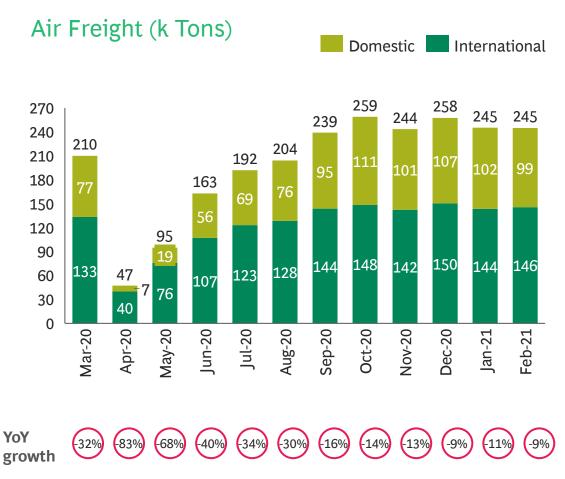
1. TEU refers to Twenty-foot equivalent unit equivalent to 20 shipping containers (20 feet long, 8 feet tall) Source: Jawaharlal Nehru Port Trust, Airport Authority of India, BCG analysis



## JNPT Container Traffic ('000s TEUs<sup>1</sup>)

3

JNPT traffic improved significantly in Mar'21 vs. previous months; Air freight traffic remained steady between Jan-Feb'21



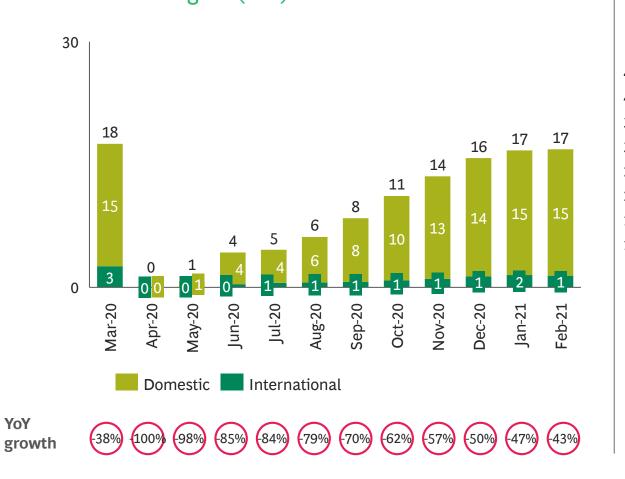
LOGISTICS

Air passenger traffic stabilized between Dec'20-Feb'21; Rail passenger traffic continued to improve in Mar'21 vs. previous months

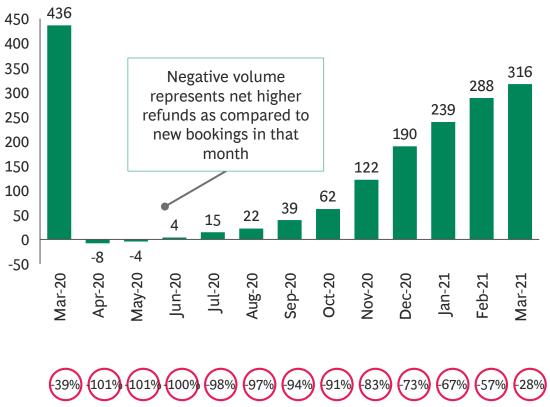
## LOGISTICS

Air Passengers (Mn)

3



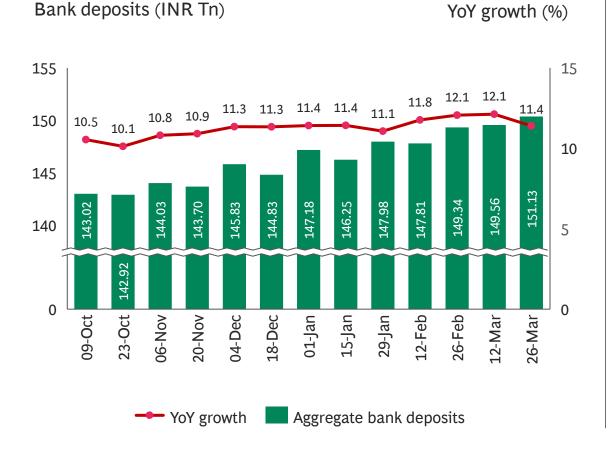
# Railway Passenger Bookings (Mn)



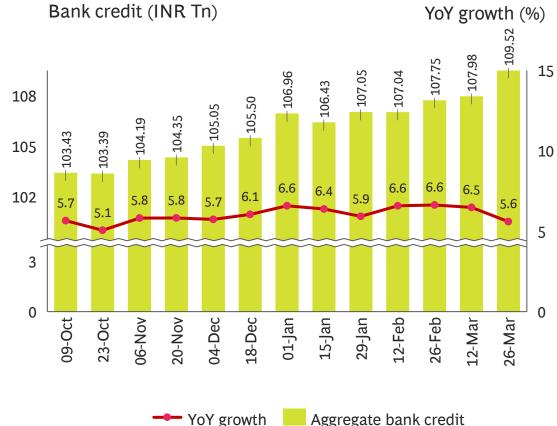
Aggregate deposits & bank credit continued to grow vs. previous months; Their YoY growth rate fell in the last week of Mar'21 vs. previous weeks

# Total deposits value & YoY growth aggregated for all banks

4



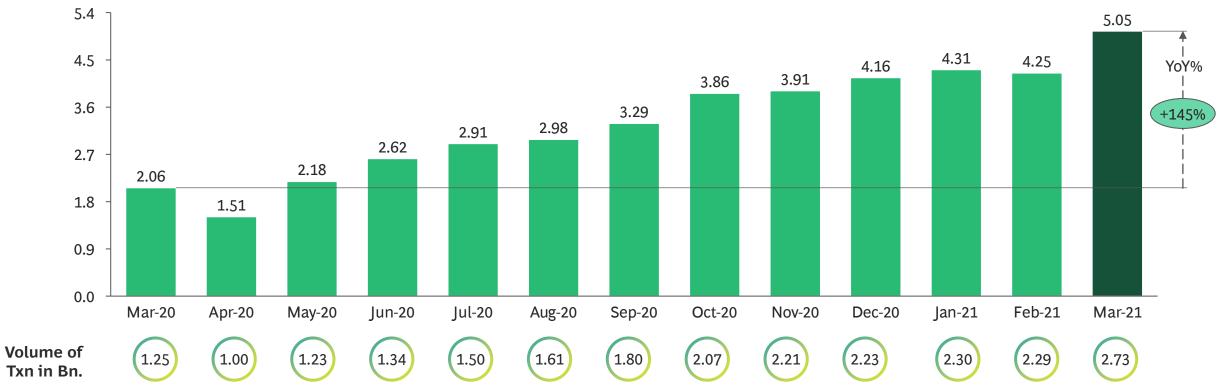
# Total credit outstanding value & YoY growth aggregated for all banks



Value of UPI transactions crossed INR 5 Tn in Mar'21, hitting a new milestone



## Value of transactions in INR Tn



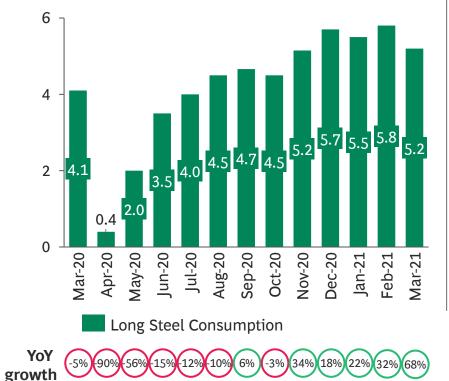
Copyright © 2020 by Boston Consulting Group. All rights reserved.

Consumption of steel dipped marginally in Mar'21 vs. previous months; Cement production plateaued between Dec-Feb'21

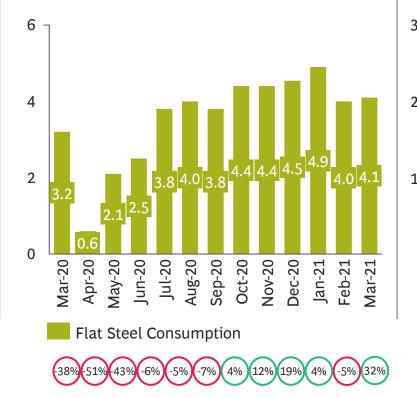
SECTOR-WISE IMPACT

Consumption of Long Steel (in MMT)

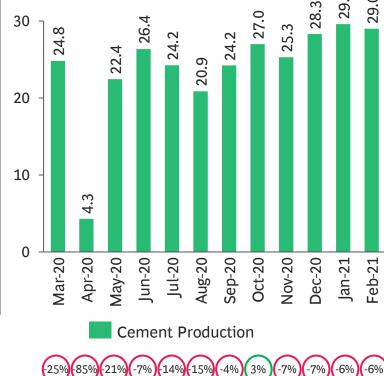
5



Consumption of Flat Steel (in MMT)

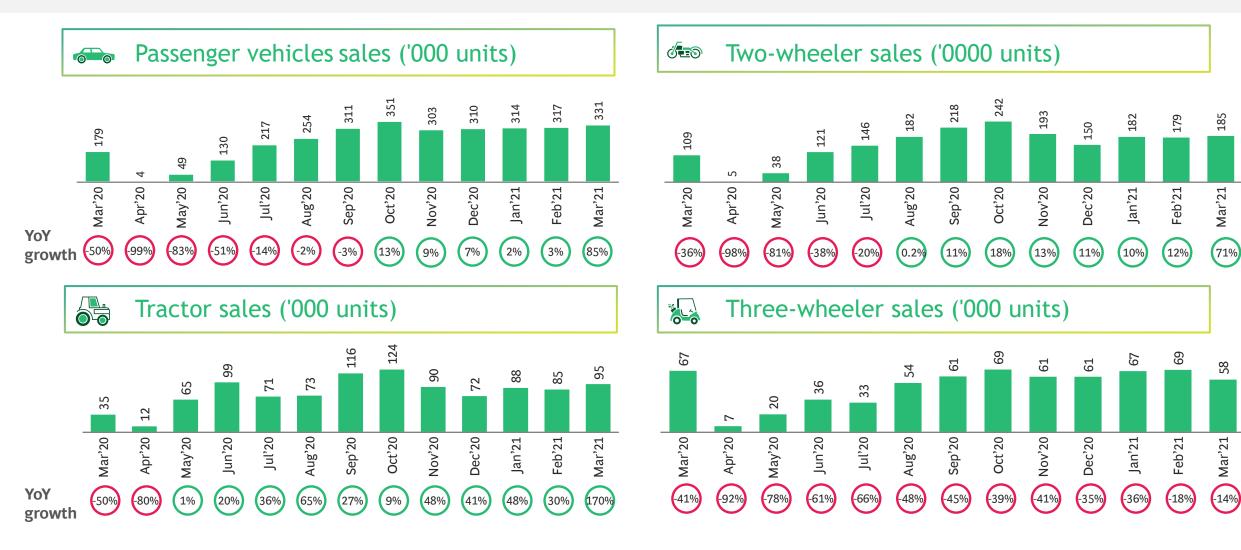


Cement Production (in MT)



Copyright © 2020 by Boston Consulting Group. All rights reserved.

Passenger vehicle, 2W & tractor sales improved in Mar'21 vs. previous months; 3W sales dipped in Mar'21 vs. previous months



Figures represent wholesale numbers (including exports).

5

1. Tata Motors data is available for Apr-June only, BMW, Mercedes and Volvo Auto data is not available Source: SIAM, CMIE, Press search, BCG analysis

14

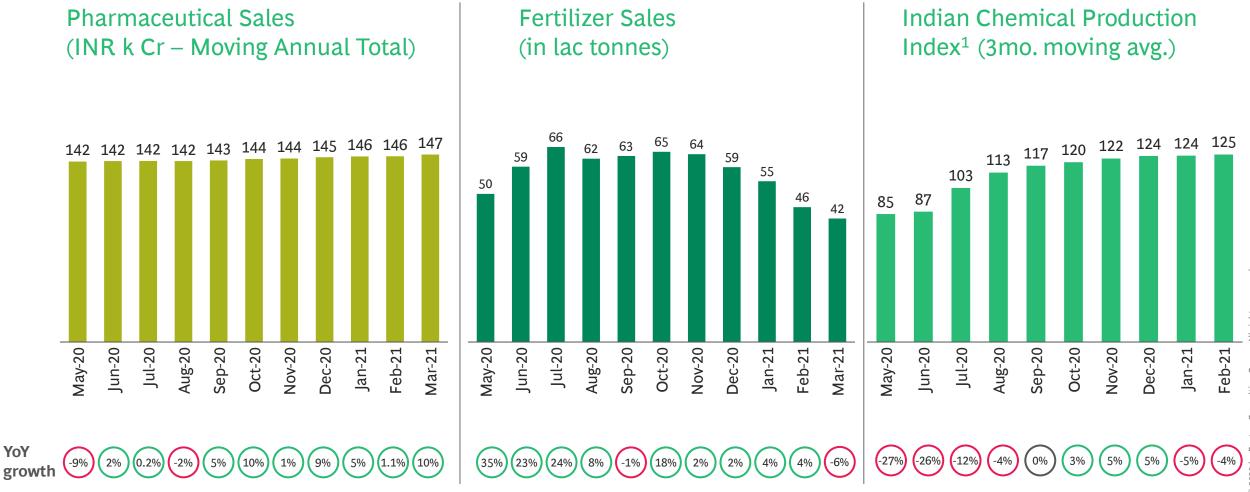
SECTOR-WISE

IMPACT

Pharma sales remained steady while fertilizer sales continued to decline SECTOR-WISE vs. previous months in Mar'21 IMPACT

5

YoY

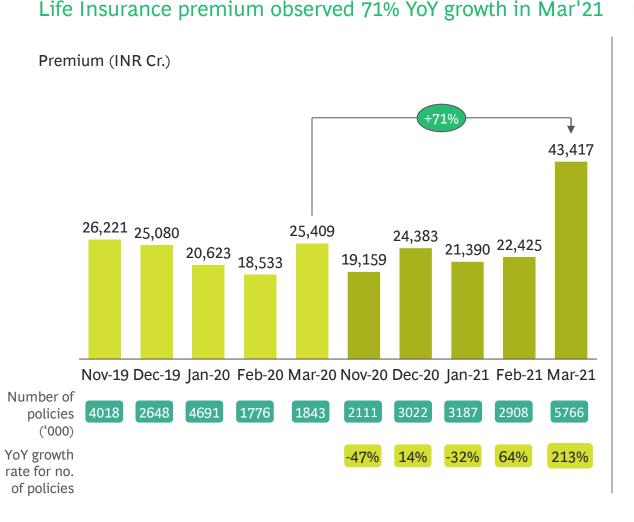


1. Indian Chemical Production Index refers to a 3-month moving average figure for chemicals production with figure for 2012 as base figure (100) Source: AIOCD (Annual Total MAT), American Chemistry Council, Mobile Based Fertilizer Management System (mFMS), Ministry of Chemicals & Fertilizers, Press search, BCG analysis

Both Life and Non-life insurance premium observed a significant uptick vs. previous months & last year levels in Mar'21

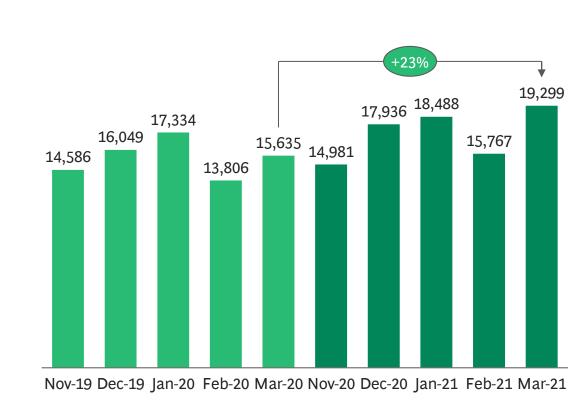
Premium (INR Cr.)

SECTOR-WISE



5

### Non-Life<sup>1</sup> Insurance premium grew 23% YoY in Mar'21



1. Non-Life Insurance includes Fire, Marine, Motor, Engineering, Health, Cop Insurance, Credit Guarantee, Aviation, Personnel accident and Miscellaneous Source: IRDAI, BCG Analysis Central Govt.'s revenue fell YoY while expenditure continued to increase YoY in Feb'21; GST collections continued to hit INR 1 Tn+ in Mar'21

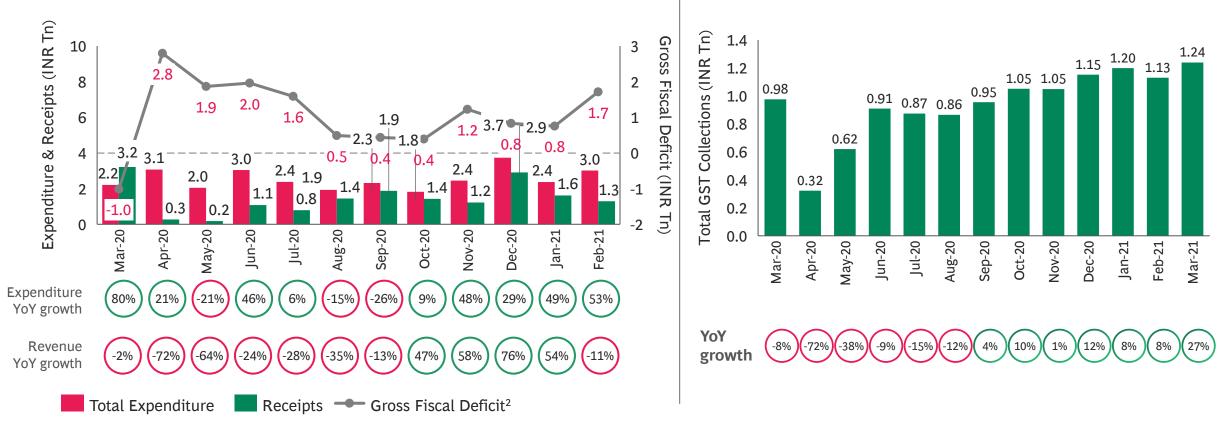
MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS

## Central Govt. Revenue & Expenditure (INR Tn)

6

(based on data from Controller General of Accounts, Ministry of Finance)

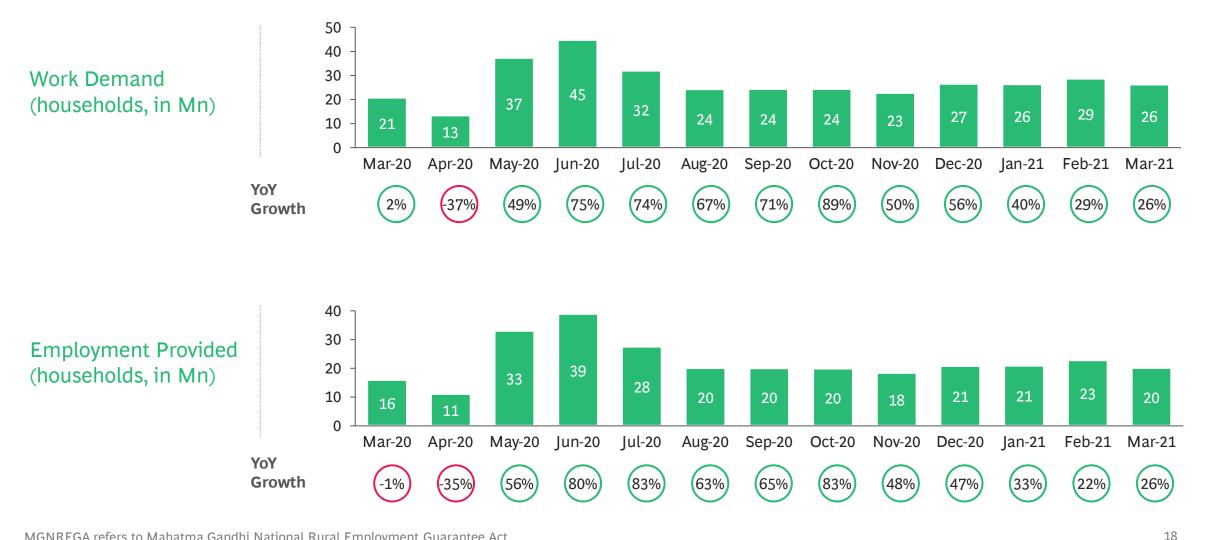
#### Total GST Collections<sup>3</sup> (INR Tn) (based on data from GST Council)



1. Bloomberg Quint 2. Gross Fiscal Deficit is the difference between the total Non-Debt Receipts of the government (revenue receipts and non-debt capital receipts) and Total expenditure 3. GST Collections include all components: CGST, SGST, IGST, Cess Source: Ministry of Finance, GST Council, BCG analysis

Both MGNREGA employment provided & work demanded remained consistent between Aug'20-Mar'21

MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS



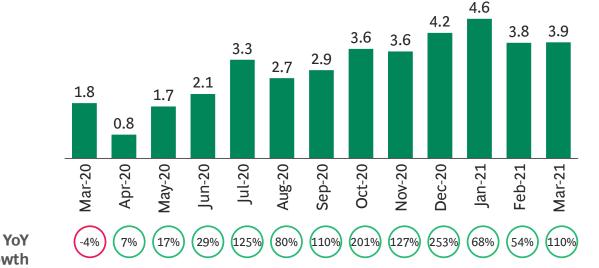
MGNREGA refers to Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act

6

Source: Ministry of Labor & Employment, Ministry of Rural Development, The Indian Express, Outlook India, LiveMint, BCG analysis

Count of Govt. tenders remained at Feb'21 levels in Mar'21; Value of Govt. tenders improved in Mar'21 after dipping in Feb'21

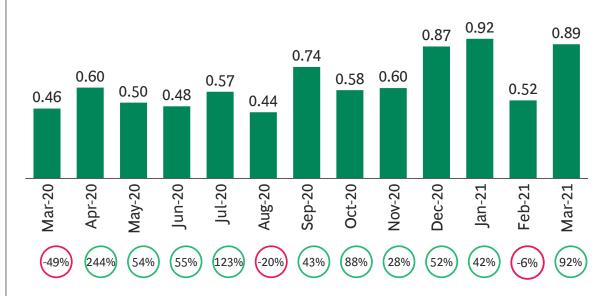
Count of tenders announced by central & state govts (k)



### growth

6

Value of tenders announced by central & state govts (INR Tn)



MACROECONOMIC

INDICATORS

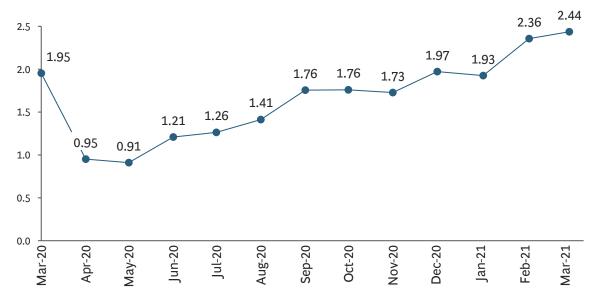
Organized sector hiring & joining activity improved in Feb-Mar'21 vs. Dec'20-Jan'21 levels (based on select indicators)

MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS

## Naukri Jobspeak Index improved in Mar'21

#### Naukri Jobspeak Index ('000)

6



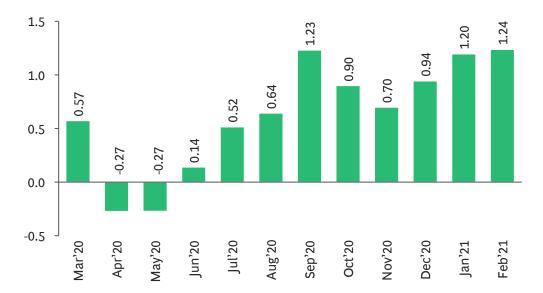
#### Naukri Jobspeak Index

Monthly index which calculates and records hiring activity based on newly added job listings on Naukri.com every month

# Jobs analyzed for the monthly index are qualified on the basis of white-collar jobs belonging to the organized corporate sector

Net new EPF subscribers remained at ~1+ Mn levels in Feb'21, higher than previous month levels

Net new EPF Subscriber (in Mn)



#### Net New EPF Subscriber Trend

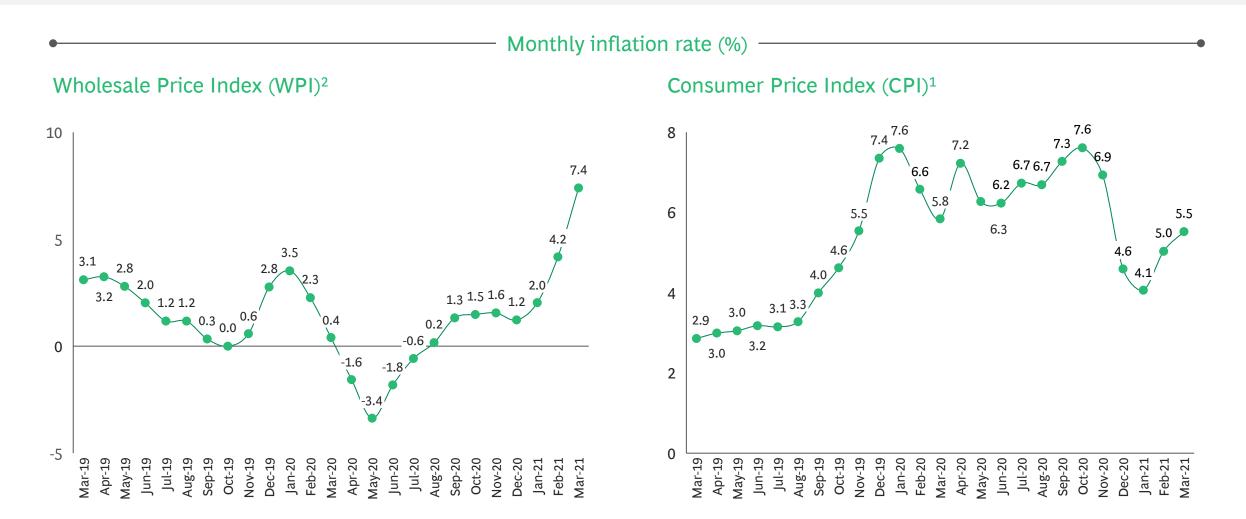
Net new EPF subscribers are net of the members newly enrolled, exited and rejoined during the month as per records of the EPFO

# Employees in an establishment<sup>3</sup> drawing less than INR 15,000 per month are mandated to become members of the EPF upon joining

1. Jan-20 level considered as pre-COVID-19 level 2. Active members refers to total contributing members during last one year as published on EPFO dashboard as on 21-Sep-20; 3. Covers every establishment in which 20+ people are employed and certain organizations are covered, subject to certain conditions and exemptions even if they employ less than 20 persons each 4. Net EPF additions are revised monthly as per the EPFO data

6

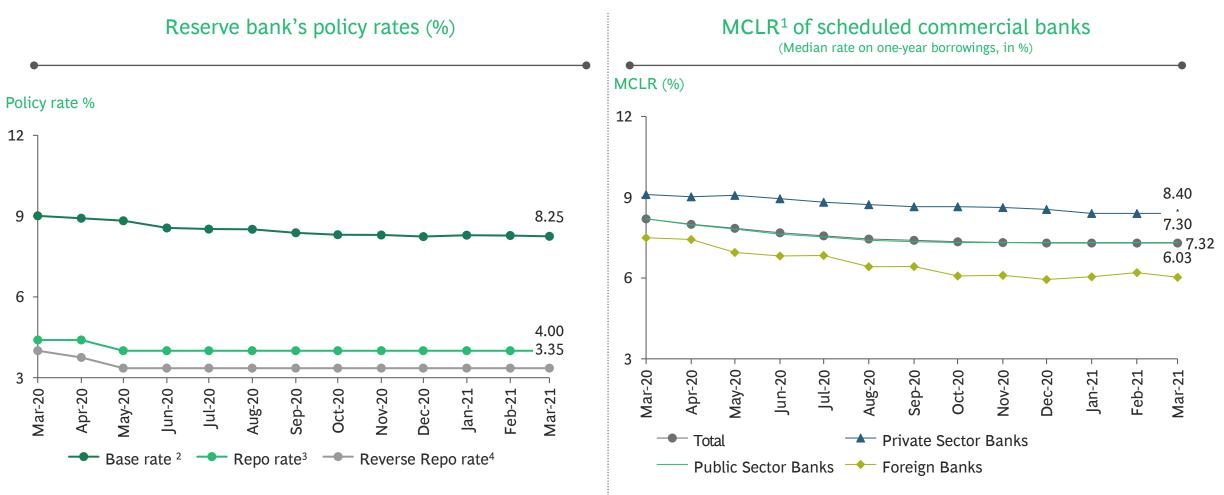
MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS



1. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure that examines the weighted average of prices of a basket of consumer goods and services, such as transportation, food, and medical care. It is calculated as year on year increase in prices of the commodities 2. The wholesale price index (WPI) measures and tracks the changes in the price of goods in the stages before the retail level – that is, goods that are sold in bulk and traded between entities or businesses instead of consumers. It is calculated as year on year increase in prices of the commodities Note: In May 2016, the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Act, 1934 was amended to provide a statutory basis for the implementation of the flexible inflation targeting framework. 21 Source: BCG Analysis. DPIIT, MOSPI, Office of the Economic Advisor - Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade,CMIE

Mar'21 repo & reverse repo rate remained at the same levels; MCLR remained constant between Dec'20-Mar'21

6



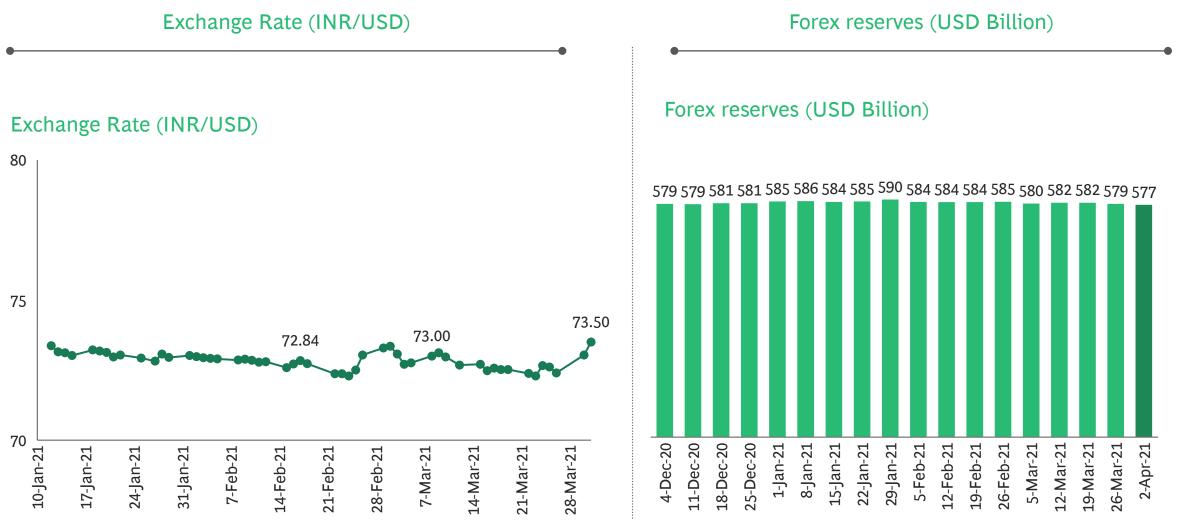
1. MCLR: Minimum interest rate at which scheduled commercial banks can lend to customers (based on incremental cost of funds). Marginal Cost of Funds based Lending Rate was introduced from April 2016 for<br/>fixing interest rates, and replaced the former Base rate methodology (based on average cost of funds). 2. Base Rate: Minimum rate set by the Reserve Bank of India below which banks are not allowed to lend to its<br/>customers 3. Repo Rate: Interest rate at which the RBI lends short term funds to licensed commercial banks 4. Reverse Repo Rate: Interest rate which the RBI borrows money from commercial banks22Source: CMIE, RBI DBIE22

MACROECONOMIC

INDICATORS

INR remained rangebound at ~73/dollar; Forex reserves reached ~577 USD Bn in the first week of Apr'21

MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS



6

23

Copyright © 2020 by Boston Consulting Group. All rights reserved.

Jan'20 levels Foreign Direct Investments<sup>1</sup> (\$ Bn) Annual (Calendar Year) FDI Inflows XX \$50 Bn \$63.6 Bn \$42 Bn 2018 2019 2020 18.7 6.8 7.3 7.6 2.8 3.0 4.1 3.7 5.5 6.2 4.2 4.0 2.5 3.2 5.5 4.1 4.7 4.7 4.5 4.3 4.1 3.9 3.0 2.8 2 5 1.3 0.8 0.1 Jan-18 Feb-18 Mar-18 Apr-18 May-18 Jul-18 Aug-18 Sep-18 May-19 Aug-20 Sep-20 Jun-18 Oct-18 Nov-18 Dec-18 Jan-19 Feb-19 Mar-19 Apr-19 Jun-19 Jul-19 Aug-19 Sep-19 Oct-19 Nov-19 Dec-19 Jan-20 Feb-20 Mar-20 Apr-20 May-20 Jul-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Dec-20 Jan-21<sup>2</sup> Jun-20

Including Reliance-Jio Deals

1. Denotes total inward FDI to India; 2. Jan'21 figures are provisional

Source: CMIE

6

Note: Past period data may vary from the previous versions of the Economic Monitor owing to restating of previous years' data by the CMIE/reporting agencies

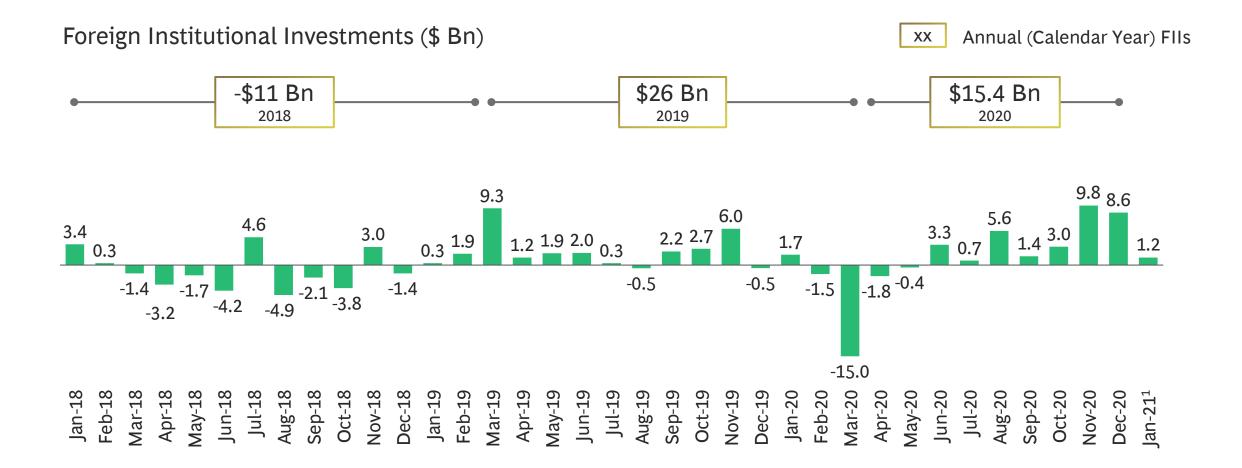
India witnessed significant FDI in Jan-Dec'20; Jan'21 FDI was below

MACROECONOMIC

INDICATORS

2020 Foreign institutional investments remained below 2019 levels; Jan'21 FII was below Jan'20 levels

MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS



1. Jan'21 figures are provisional

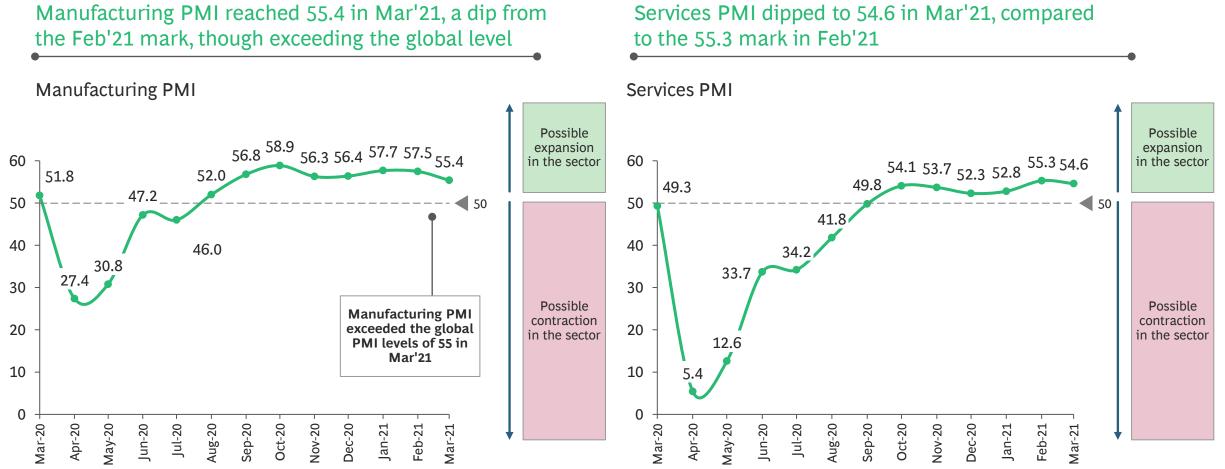
Source: CMIE

6

Note: Past period data may vary from the previous versions of the Economic Monitor owing to restating of previous years' data by the CMIE/reporting agencies

# Both Manufacturing & Services PMI dipped in Mar'21, albeit remained above the 50-point mark

SENTIMENT – MFG. & SERVICES PMI



Note: The Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) is a measure of the prevailing direction of economic trends in manufacturing and services sectors. The PMI is based on a monthly survey of supply chain managers across 19 industries, covering both upstream and downstream activity. Value >50 indicates possible expansion in the sector, and value <50 indicates recession. Source: IHS Markit, CMIE, Analyst Reports, BCG analysis

# Consumer sentiment still below pre-COVID levels; Rural sentiment remained better than urban sentiment in Mar'21

## **CMIE** Consumer Sentiment Survey

### Sample Size

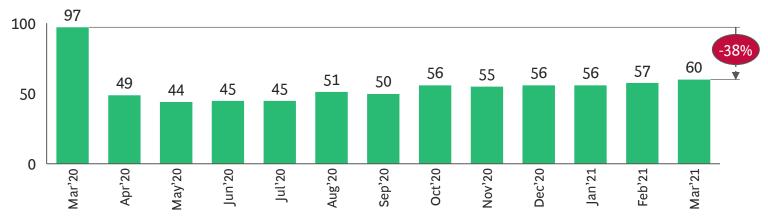
7

1.74L households in 90 cities and 969 villages surveyed over 4 months

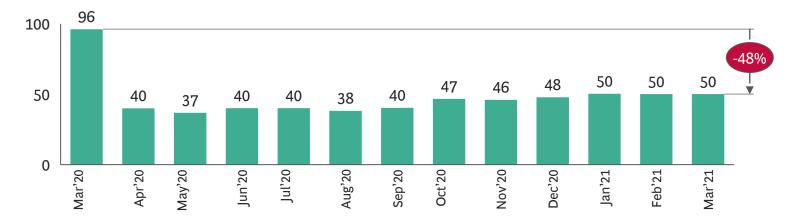
### Methodology

- Longitudinal survey: Same set of households surveyed in batches over time
- Scoring based on 5 questions:
  - Perception of current well-being
  - Expectations of future well-being
  - Perceptions of current economic conditions of the country
  - Perceptions of prospective economic conditions of the country
  - Household's propensity to spend on consumer durables

# **Rural Consumer Sentiment Index**



### **Urban Consumer Sentiment Index**

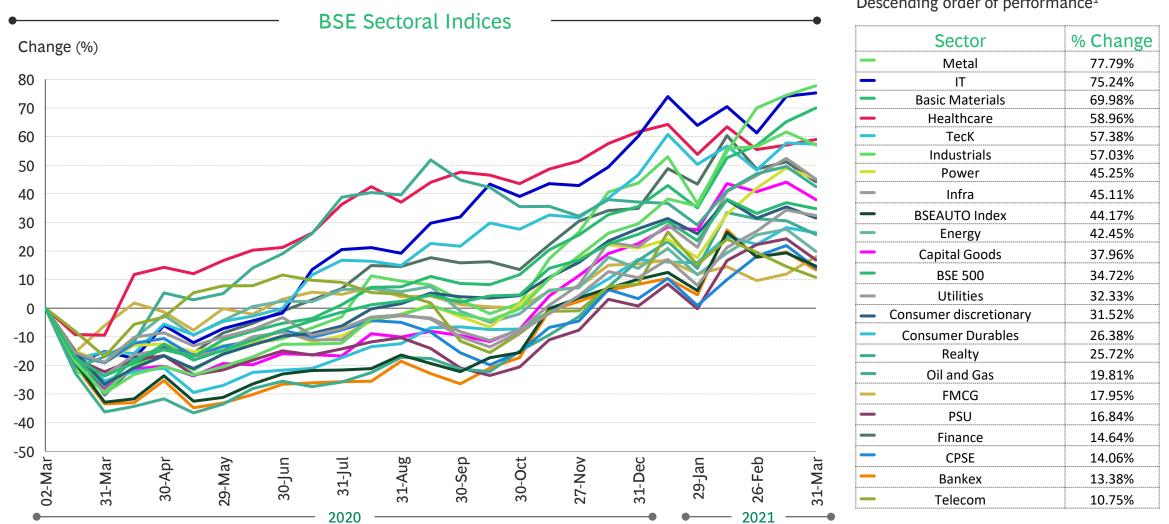


SENTIMENT-

SENTIMENT

# In Mar'21, all sectors witnessed growth vs. Mar'20 levels; Select sectors e.g., IT, FMCG, Healthcare & Teck grew vs. Feb'21

## **SENTIMENT – BSE** SECTORAL INDICES



Descending order of performance<sup>1</sup>

Growth rate vs. 02-Mar-20

7

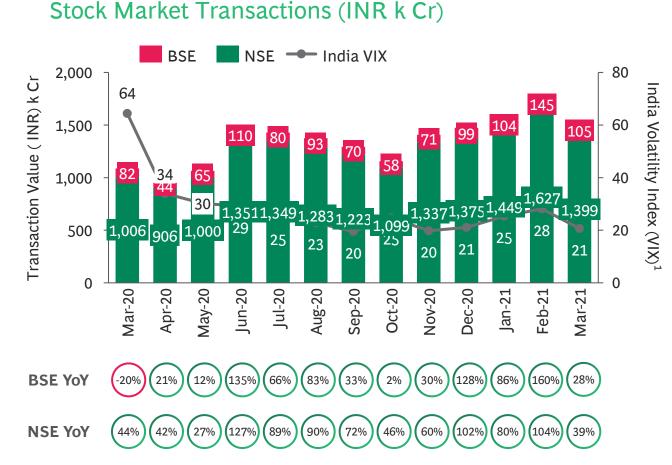
The S&P BSE TECk index comprises constituents of the S&P BSE 500 that are classified as members of the media & publishing, information technology & telecommunications sector

3. CPSE- Central Public Sector Enterprises

Source : BSE, Bloomberg, BCG analysis

Value of stock market transactions dipped in Mar'21 vs. Feb'21 levels; Mutual funds AUM stabilized between Nov'20-Mar'21





## Mutual Funds AUM<sup>2</sup> (INR L Cr)



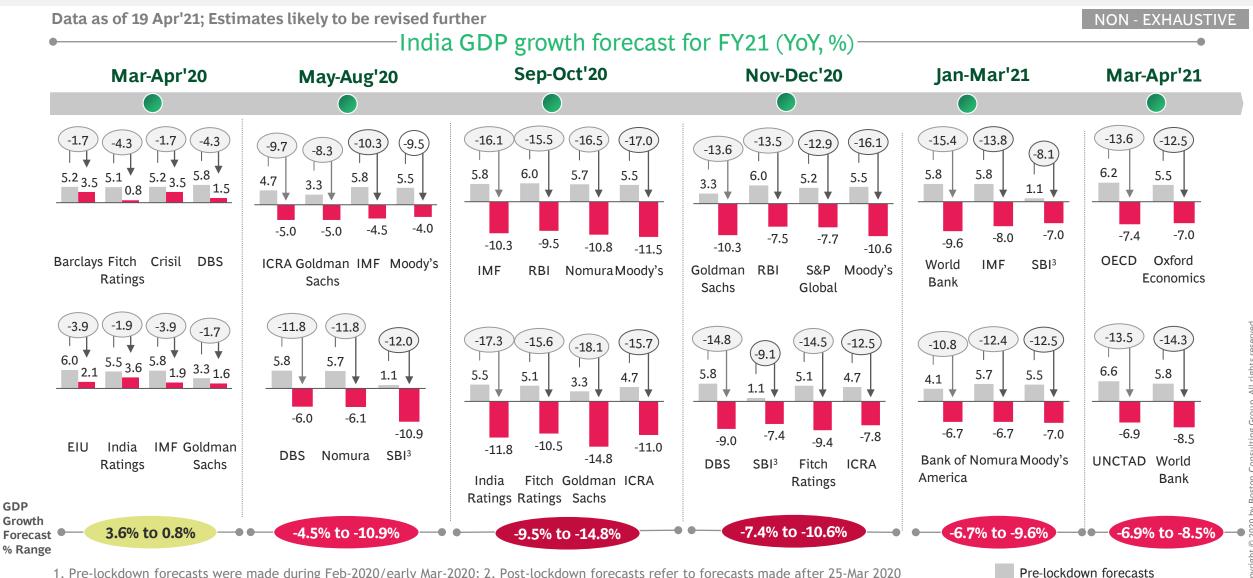
Mutual Funds AUM include investments from individuals (50.5%) & institution (49.5%); institutions include domestic & foreign institutions and banks

1. Volatility Index is a measure of market's expectation of volatility over the near term; India VIX is a volatility index based on the NIFTY50 Index Option prices providing the expected market volatility over the next 30 calendar days – figures represented are as of end of every month shown

2. Mutual funds Assets Under Management (AUM) represented as recorded at end of every month shown Source: BSE, NSE, AMFI, BCG analysis

# Indian GDP growth forecasts revised to 6.9-8.5% contraction for FY20-21

**GDP FORECASTS** 



1. Pre-lockdown forecasts were made during Feb-2020/early Mar-2020; 2. Post-lockdown forecasts refer to forecasts made after 25-Mar 2020 3. Pre-lockdown forecast for SBI is as of 16-Apr-2020

Source: Analysts reports, BCG analysis

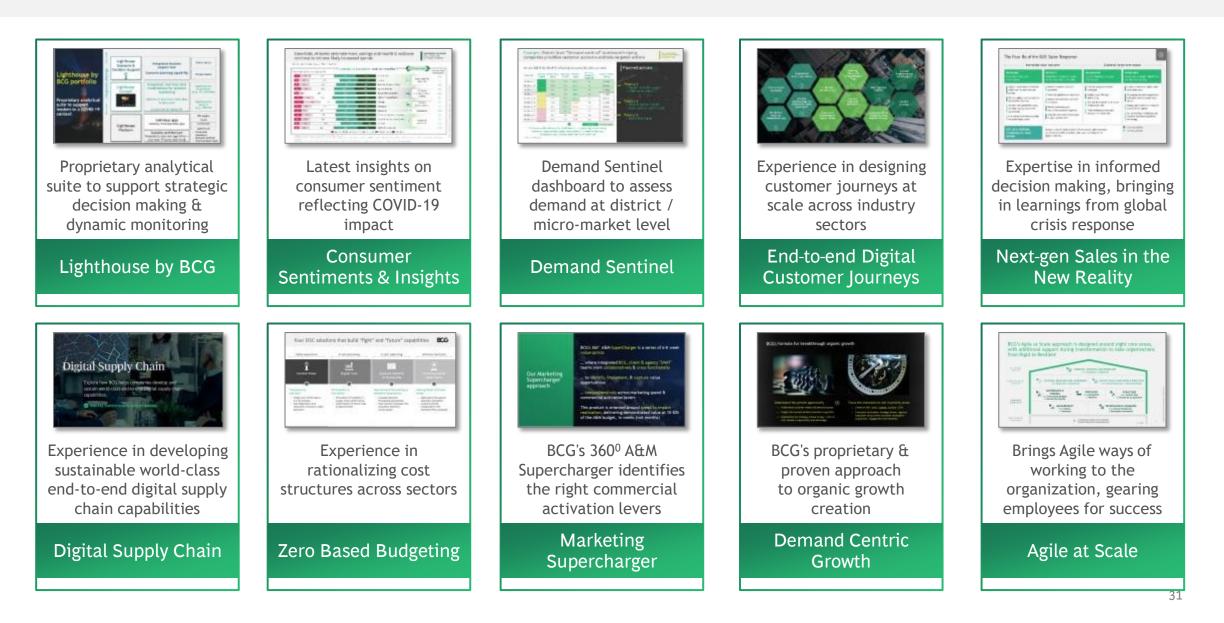
GDP

30

Post-lockdown forecasts

# BCG can support you in leading in the new reality

# BCG



BCG

